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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/537,182	06/01/2005	Lysander Chrisstoffels	13779-23	8058
45473	7590	04/01/2009	EXAMINER	
BRINKS, HOFER, GILSON & LIONE			SCHLIENTZ, NATHAN W	
P.O. BOX 1340			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
MORRISVILLE, NC 27560			1616	
MAIL DATE		DELIVERY MODE		
04/01/2009		PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/537,182	Applicant(s) CHRISSTOFFELS ET AL.
	Examiner Nathan W. Schlientz	Art Unit 1616

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
 - If no period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
 - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 February 2009.
 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 14-31 is/are pending in the application.
 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
 6) Claim(s) 14-31 is/are rejected.
 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date: _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date: _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Status of Claims

Claims 14-31 are pending and are thus examined herein on the merits for patentability. No claim is allowed at this time.

Withdrawn Rejections

Rejections and/or objections not reiterated from the previous Office Action are hereby withdrawn. The following rejections and/or objections are either reiterated or newly applied. They constitute the complete set of rejections and/or objections presently being applied to the instant application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1,148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
1. Claims 14-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Morschhäuser et al. (WO 02/44268; US 6,964,995 is the English-language equivalent and is referred to herein) in view of Narayanan et al. (WO 99/37285).

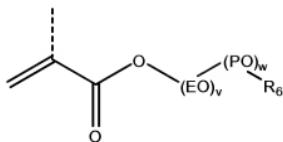
Applicant's claims

Applicants claim a composition comprising at least one active compound for the treatment of plants and at least one copolymer comprising at least one N-vinylamide, at least one ester of an ethylenically unsaturated carboxylic acid wherein the alkoxylate portion of the ester exhibits the formula (I), and optionally at least one additional copolymerizable comonomer. Applicants also claim a method of treating plants for various reasons via applying the said composition.

Determination of the scope and content of the prior art

(MPEP 2141.01)

Morschhäuser et al. teach water-soluble or water-swellable copolymers comprising open-chain N-vinyl amides (i.e., N-vinylformamide, N-vinylmethylformamide, N-vinylmethylacetamide and N-vinylacetamide) or cyclic N-vinyl amides with a ring size of 3 to 9 (i.e., N-vinylpyrrolidone and N-vinylcaprolactam) (col. 2, ln. 44-49), and a macromonomer comprising acrylically or methacrylically monofunctionalized alkyl ethoxylates of the following formula:



such as methacrylic acid C₈₋₁₄ alcohol ethoxylate esters with 3-25 EO units (col. 3, ln. 5 through col. 4, ln. 55; and col. 9, ln. 24-45). Morschhäuser et al. teach specific examples wherein Genapol LA-070[®] methacrylate, Genapol T-250[®] methacrylate, Genapol BE-020[®] methacrylate, Genapol O-150[®] methacrylate, Genapol LA-250[®] methacrylate, Genapol LA-030[®] methacrylate, and Genapol LA-040[®] methacrylate are copolymerized with an N-vinyl amide (Examples 1-8).

Ascertainment of the difference between the prior art and the claims

(MPEP 2141.02)

Morschhäuser et al. do not teach the copolymers as being used with an active compound for the treatment of plants, as instantly claimed. However, Narayanan et al. teach a composition comprising an active chemical and a particulate polysaccharide matrix having improved water dispersibility and dispersion stability in aqueous solutions by the incorporation of an N-vinyl lactam monomer and a hydrophobic comonomer, wherein the composition is useful in pre- and post- emergent agrochemical formulations (abstract; page 2, lines 1-6 and 13-19; page 5, lines 21-26; page 6, lines 12-16; and claims 1 and 18).

Narayanan et al. teach a composition comprising an active chemical and a particulate polysaccharide matrix having improved water dispersibility and dispersion stability in aqueous solutions by the incorporation of an N-vinyl lactam monomer and a

hydrophobic comonomer, wherein the N-vinyl lactam monomer is preferably N-vinyl pyrrolidone or mixtures of N-vinyl pyrrolidone and N-vinyl caprolactam (page 3, lines 2-7), and the hydrophobic comonomer is a polymerizable compound containing an olefinically unsaturated group, such as lower alkylamino lower alkyl acrylates and methacrylates, lower alkyl vinyl ethers, and mixtures of these compounds, wherein alkylamino alkylmethacrylates are preferred (page 3, lines 8-12 and 16-24). Narayanan et al. further teach that the concentration of the N-vinyl lactam monomer with respect to the hydrophobic component in the copolymer can vary between about 60 and about 98.5 wt.%, preferably between about 70 and about 95 wt.%, and that the weight ratio of N-vinyl lactam to hydrophobic comonomer is preferably between about 4:1 and 8:1 (page 4, lines 1-12).

Furthermore, Narayanan et al. teach explicit examples of compositions comprising 98:2 and 80:20 ratios of N-vinyl pyrrolidone and dimethylamino ethyl methacrylate (page 11, Examples 5 and 6). Narayanan et al. also teach that the modified matrix provides compatibility with a wide variety of conventional agrochemical agents including plant growth regulants, fertilizers, pre- and post- emergent herbicides, pesticides, fungicides, nematocides, etc. (page 5, lines 21-26, and page 6, lines 12-16).

Finding of *prima facie* obviousness

Rational and Motivation (MPEP 2142-43)

Therefore, it would have been *prima facie* obvious for one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to formulate a composition for treating plants comprising plant growth regulants, fertilizers, pre- and post- emergent herbicides, pesticides, fungicides

Art Unit: 1616

or nematocides, at least one N-vinyl amide, such as N-vinylpyrrolidone or N-vinylcaprolactam; at least one alkoxy alkyl acrylate or methacrylate, such as methacrylic acid C₈₋₁₄ alcohol ethoxylate esters with 3-25 EO units; and optionally at least one lower alkyl vinyl ether, as reasonably taught by Morschhäuser et al. and Narayanan et al. It would have been *prima facie* obvious to formulate the polymer wherein the weight ratio of N-vinyl lactam to hydrophobic monomer (i.e., alkoxyalkyl acrylate or methacrylate comonomer) is preferably between about 4:1 and 8:1, as reasonably taught by Narayanan et al.

From the teachings of the references, it is apparent that one of ordinary skill in the art would have had a reasonable expectation of success in producing the claimed invention. Therefore, the invention as a whole would have been *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, as evidenced by the references, especially in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nathan W. Schlientz whose telephone number is (571)272-9924. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 AM to 5:30 PM, Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Johann R. Richter can be reached on 571-272-0646. The fax phone

number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

NWS

/John Pak/
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1616